

Chapter 6– Financial Accounting, 2nd edition by Dyckman & Pfeiffer

Practice Quiz

Topic: Inventory Costing Methods

LO: 2

1. Purity Lamps, Inc. reports the following in its purchase journal and inventory ledger:

		<u>Units</u>	<u>Cost</u>
Beginning Inventory		1,600	56,000
Purchases	1	1,900	70,300
	2	1,100	43,450
	3	1,500	60,000

Ending inventory for Purity was 2,000 units.

What is Purity's cost of ending inventory assuming FIFO?

- a. \$70,800
- b. \$80,000
- c. \$70,000
- d. \$79,750

Topic: Inventory Costing Methods

LO: 2

2. Purity Lamps, Inc. reports the following in its purchase journal and inventory ledger:

		<u>Units</u>	<u>Cost</u>
Beginning Inventory		1,600	56,000
Purchases	1	1,900	70,300
	2	1,100	43,450
	3	1,500	60,000

Ending inventory for Purity was 2,000 units.

What is Purity's cost of ending inventory assuming LIFO?

- a. \$70,800
- b. \$70,000
- c. \$79,500
- d. \$80,000

Topic: Inventory Turnover Analysis

LO: 5

3. Smith Company provides the following financial data:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Revenues.....	9,252	8,453	8,000
Cost of Goods Sold.....	3,750	3,580	3,400
Gross Profit.....	5,502	4,873	4,600
Inventories.....	1,505	1,658	1,858

What is the Inventory Turnover for 2009 and 2010, respectively?

- a. 2.939 and 3.656
- b. 1.830 and 2.159
- c. 2.159 and 2.492
- d. 2.036 and 2.371

Topic: Lower of Cost of Market

LO: 3

4. The following data refer to Barton Company's ending inventory.

Item code	Quantity	Unit Cost	Unit Market
Small	110	\$54	\$57
Medium	410	47	43
Large	590	43	39
Extra-Large	190	53	63

Determine the ending inventory amount by applying the lower of cost or market rule to each item of inventory.

- a. \$50,700
- b. \$56,650
- c. \$60,650
- d. \$58,880

Topic: Average Inventory Days Outstanding

LO: 5

5. Assume that Overland Company has inventory levels of \$356,345 and \$367,345 in 2009 and 2010, respectively. Also assume that cost of goods sold for 2010 is \$1,000,000. What is the days to sell inventory for Overland?
- 2.8 days
 - 131 days
 - 132 days
 - 134 days

Topic: Inventory Costs and the Financial Statements

LO: 1

6. As a retailer, which of the following percentages is the most attractive to you?
- Operating income as a percentage of net sales equal to 35%
 - Cost of sales as a percentage of net sales equal to 65%
 - Gross profit of 35%
 - All three have the same attractiveness.

Topic: Financial Statement Effects of Inventory Costing

LO: 4,5

7. Assume that two companies operate in an inflationary environment. In a situation where all other things are equal except that one company uses LIFO and one company uses FIFO, which of the following statements is true?
- The company using FIFO will have a higher inventory turnover.
 - The company using LIFO will have a higher inventory turnover.
 - Inventory valuation methods do not affect inventory turnover.
 - Inventory turnover will be the same for both companies.

Topic: LIFO Liquidation

LO: 6

8. All of the following statements are true regarding LIFO liquidation except:
- LIFO liquidation lowers gross profit.
 - LIFO liquidation results when there is a decline in inventory quantities, i.e., you sell more than what you buy in current period.
 - The older costs in the LIFO layer liquidated are matched with current sales dollars.
 - Previously ignored holding gains are included in income as old LIFO layers are liquidated.

Topic: Cost of Goods Sold

LO: 1

9. Yang Imports reports net sales of \$675,000, gross profit of \$225,000, and net income of \$15,000. The company's cost of goods sold is:

- a. \$450,000
- b. \$435,000
- c. \$465,000
- d. \$885,000

Topic: Cost of Merchandise to be Purchased

LO: 1,5

10. The January 1, 2010 beginning inventory for Everest Supply Company was \$290,000. Projections are that sales growth will be strong during 2010, so the company wants to have an ending inventory on December 31, 2010 of \$360,000. If net sales for 2010 are projected to be \$1,600,000, and the gross profit rate is expected to be 30%, what cost of merchandise should be purchased during 2010?

- a. \$1,480,000.
- b. \$1,120,000.
- c. \$1,190,000.
- d. \$1,050,000.